



Marketing and
Regulatory
Programs

Abhaya M. Dandekar, Distinguished Professor
University of California Davis

RSR number 22-054-01rsr

Animal Plant
Health Inspection
Service

Re: Regulatory Status Review of *Juglans regia* x *Juglans hindsii* developed using genetic engineering for resistance to the formation of crown gall disease and with screenable and selectable markers

Biotechnology
Regulatory
Services

Dear Dr. Dandekar:

4700 River Road
Riverdale
MD 20737

Thank you for your letter dated February 22, 2022, requesting a Regulatory Status Review (RSR) for *Juglans regia* x *Juglans hindsii* developed using genetic engineering (modified walnut). In your letter, you described that the walnut was modified to impart resistance to crown gall disease by silencing of *iaaM* and *ipt* genes to contain a marker gene for antibiotic resistance, and to contain a marker gene for laboratory screening..

The Plant Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. §§ 7701 et seq.) provides USDA authority to oversee the detection, control, eradication, suppression, prevention, or retardation of the spread of plant pests to protect agriculture, environment, and the economy of the United States. USDA, through the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), regulates the “Movement of Organisms Modified or Produced through Genetic Engineering” as described in 7 CFR part 340.

Consistent with 7 CFR 340.4, APHIS reviewed your modified walnut to determine whether it is subject to the regulations in 7 CFR part 340. Specifically, APHIS reviewed the modified walnut to determine whether there is a plausible pathway by which the walnut, or any sexually compatible relatives, would pose an increased plant pest risk relative to the plant pest risk posed by an appropriate walnut comparator. Based on information you provided, publicly available resources, and APHIS’ familiarity with walnut and knowledge of the trait, phenotype, and mechanism of action, APHIS considered the (1) biology of nonmodified walnut and its sexually compatible relatives; (2) the trait and mechanism-of-action of the modification; and (3) the effect of the trait and mechanism-of-action on the (a) distribution, density, or development of the plant and its sexually compatible relatives, (b) production, creation, or enhancement of a plant pest or a reservoir for a plant pest, (c) harm to non-target organisms beneficial to agriculture, and (d) weedy impacts of the plant. APHIS did not identify any plausible pathway by which your modified walnut, or any of its sexually compatible relatives, would pose an increased plant pest risk relative to comparator walnut plants. APHIS has determined that your walnut is unlikely to pose an increased plant pest risk relative to its comparators. Once APHIS determines that a plant product is unlikely to pose an increased plant pest risk relative to its comparator, and, thus, is not a plant pest or a plant that requires regulation because it is capable of introducing or disseminating a plant pest, APHIS has no authority to regulate it under 7 CFR part 340. Accordingly, your modified walnut is not subject to the regulations in 7 CFR part 340. APHIS’ determination that this modified plant is not subject to the regulations extends to any progeny of the modified plant that is derived from crosses with other non-modified plants or other modified plants that are also not subject to the regulations in 7 CFR part 340.

Please be advised that APHIS’ decision applies to the walnut developed using genetic engineering exactly as described in your letter. If at any time you become aware of any information that may affect our review of your modified walnut, including, for example, new information that shows the trait, phenotype, or mechanism of action is different than described in your letter, you must contact APHIS for further review of the plant at RSRrequests@usda.gov.

Please be advised that your plant product, while not regulated under 7 CFR part 340, may be subject to APHIS Plant Protection and Quarantine (PPQ) permit and/or quarantine requirements. For further information, you may contact the PPQ general number for such inquiries at 877-770-5990. Your plant product may also be subject to other regulatory authorities such as the U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA) or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Please contact EPA and FDA to enquire about the regulatory status of your product.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'BJ' followed by a stylized flourish.

Bernadette Juarez
APHIS Deputy Administrator
Biotechnology Regulatory Services
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service
U.S. Department of Agriculture

DATE: 9/1/2023